

Canadian-American Trade Relations

In America's last fiscal year Canada sold \$400,000,000 of her products in the U. S. Market, but purchased there \$700,000,000 of goods. Thus \$1,100,000,000 of Canadian-American trade was affected by the fluctuations in Canadian Exchange. We maintain separate Foreign Exchange Departments under specialists at our New York, London, Montreal, Toronto, Winnipeg and Vancouver Branches, to offer you the fullest measure of assistance in your trade financing.

UNION BANK OF CANADA

RESOURCES, \$153,000,000

Chinook Branch
Cereal Branch

W. A. Cruickshank, Manager
J. Jack, Manager

Now that the Holiday Season is Over

and we trust it was a happy and joyous one to all our patrons and friends

Purchases will be more in the line of

STAPLE GOODS

We have a well-assorted stock of the essential, much of which we are selling at pre-war prices

H. C. Briggins Shaw

THE STORE WITH THE GOODS

There's a Chiel Amang Ye Takin' Notes, an' Faith He'll Prent Ye

Our Observer

Wants to know how many citizens have stumbled over the pile of sidewalk stuff out on Main Street.

Our Observer

States that twenty farmers met in the livery barn, while ten farmers met in the school to elect delegates to the U.F.A. convention. If they vote the way they meet, Goodnight!

Our Observer

States that the cubic air-space in some of our school vans is considerably over-crowded. By all means crowd the vans with healthy children, but crowd in some Alberta fresh air with them.

Our Observer

States that if you want real recreation and laughter-creating sensations just drop over to the next annual meeting of the Chinook Consolidated.

Our Observer

Says it is a dog-gone shame for any citizen to treat our dogs to such high-priced sporadic pain-killers—why not choke them with real Alberta creamery butter?

Our Observer

Would like to know who was the "giddy young driver" that caused the overturning of a sleigh load on the way home from the Laughlin U.F.A. meeting last week.

A consignment of whisky has been discovered hidden in a load of lumber.

No wonder lumber prices have taken a jump upwards.

This morning, a bunch of horses on the track at the head of the passenger train from Calgary had the run for some miles for their lives nearly to Chinook.

BREEZELETS

Saskatoon Star: Archie Mihalp is very much worried over the report in the paper last night that whale milk is coming into vogue. He says it's mean spending lot of money in submarines for the milk maids, unless you get milk some other way. He isn't sure.

Well, yes, there is another way beside the milk maid route—the made pump.

Former kaiser's illness said to be insanity.

A time approaches for his delivery for trial, the ex-kaiser's "insanity" will increase—it will be an asylum for the insane that the Allies can provide him with.

"Swelled head" is a disease that attacks young turkeys, is the heading of an article in last week's papers.

That disease is not confined to young turkeys, alone—it very often attacks humans as well, both young and old.

A new device for saving the gas bill has been invented by a Calgaryian.

It is not so much saving the gas bill as it is the dollar bill.

Saskatoon Star: John Hair of the Great West Furniture Co., is telling about a young January bride who came in looking for a "parlor bolshevik, please," because she thought they were fashionable things to sit on.

"Parlor bolshevik" may not be a comfortable thing to sit down on, but "parlor bolsvicky" might be a comfortable thing to "sip" down on.

An epidemic of hicoughs is promised as the next wave of illness following the flu.

And this, too, in a prohibition province. "Hicoughs! Hicoughs!! What's saying? I ain't drunk! Hicoughs!"

A grain exchange seat on the New York Stock Exchange sold yesterday for \$115,000.00.

And that \$115,000.00 will be made out of the farmers—and then some.

Hon. Geo. P. Smith, minister of education, wants the Alberta teachers to have a "call" as it were, regardless of salary consideration, and get the view point of service only.

The hon. gentleman's suggestion might, perhaps, have more weight if he and his fellow cabinet colleagues would first try-out the "call" business, and get the view point of "service only" themselves.

CHINOOK BREEZES

Do not forget the date, Saturday, Jan. 24th, to see John F. Miller, the Eye Sight Specialist, of Calgary.

We understand there is likely to be an up-to-date machine shop opened in Chinook in the near future.

Found—A Fur Muff, on the west road coming into Chinook. Owner can have same by paying \$50 for this advt.

Mr. Jas Pettigrew will be a business visitor to Calgary next week, and will attend the U.F.A. convention.

Minutes of the annual meeting of the Chinook con. school and first meeting of the new Board will appear next week.

Two "Mounties" were in town on Tuesday, but they were "off again, on again, and off again" the next morning.

The advent of the wooden pump was inaugurated in Chinook this week. "The old oaken bucket" may be next.

School Inspector and Mrs. E. T. Mitchell and daughter Joyce, returned home on Tuesday from Edmonton, where they have been the past month.

Will the party who took by mistake—or otherwise—a white night-gown, used in one of the scenes in the program at the recent Xmas tree entertainment at the Chinook con. school, please leave it with the school janitor.

Might Have Been a Fatal Tragedy

What might have been a very serious, and, indeed, a fatal accident occurred last Friday afternoon. The school-van, in which the children were returning home from school, and driven by Joe Short, in turning south from 3rd Avenue East, skidded on some old tin cans, frightening the horses, they made a very sudden spring forward, upsetting the van on its side, the animals running away across the track and back again. Before they ran away the children managed to scramble out of the van, except Thompson the young son of Mr. McIntosh, who was dragged a short distance before getting free. He received some bad cuts and some scrapes about his face. He was taken to Mr. Madden's home close by, and attended to by the doctor. Another of the children received some scratches about the face. It can easily be imagined what an awful calamity might have occurred had not the children been able to get out of the van in time.

ANNOUNCEMENT OF

Chinook Hospital

DR. EGBERT

Has arranged with the proprietor of the Aeadia Hotel for the setting aside of a part of the Hotel, to be used as a Hospital. Any kind of case may be admitted, except infectious cases.

MATERNITY CASES

SPECIAL ATTENTION

is being given to the care and accommodation of Maternity Cases.

TWENTY-FIVE

of these cases can be accommodated at one time, every patient occupying a strictly private room on the first floor. Every room is well furnished, steam-heated, and well heated at all hours of the day and night. Good beds and high-grade mattresses and springs.

Ladies desiring such accommodation may call and see just how private and comfortable their surroundings will be.

REMEMBER

that your room will be strictly separate and private and in a part of the building entirely set aside for this purpose from the rest of the hotel.

Knowing, as you do, the need for such a hospital, this arrangement has been made largely with the people from outlying districts in view. Remembering the country's present financial condition, expenses will be as low for patients as it is humanly possible to make them.

Address any inquiries or communications to

DR. J. H. EGBERT,

CHINOOK, ALTA.

CURLING

Curling still goes with a merry swing, and every evening sees the ice filled at each draw. Owing to the interest this season the executive have two draws every night, at 7 and 9. The Dunn competition closed Xmas night, with Deman's rink—composed of Lee, Pollock and J. Clark, taking the unfortunate goose. Since that time the Briggins Shaw event has been pulled off, with Dell's rink—composed of Milligan, Robinson and Donald Gordon—annexing the automobile gauntlets. While the Kindersley spiel was on, the home players fought out the Deman event, and Chapman's rink—composed of Ishister, Vanhook and Hinds—landed the porridge. The E. R. Dell event is now being played. This past week, rinks skipped by Dunn and Dawson visited the Kindersley spiel and report a good time. Dawson's rink reached the 16's in one event, and played for the 4's in the McEvan and held jewellery for a minute, but the opposing skip drew in and beat him to it. This was poetry on Dawson's part, for his opposing rink was composed of the sheriff, the judge, a prosecuting lawyer and the jailer, so it was a case of letting him win, or take the consequences. Dawson, of course, naturally took the former. Dunn's rink made a fine showing, and also held the jewellery

for a minute, but his opponent, Elliott, made a beautiful shot and nipped the game. Dunn's rink also reached the 8's of the Grand Challenge, but were unfortunate in meeting Bruce from Saskatoon. Bruce made a record having 13 straight wins to his credit before meeting defeat, and Bruce won the Seymour event and two seconds in the other events.

Calgary and Saskatoon spels come on this next week and there is some talk of rinks going to these places.

The Chinook spiel will be held in February some time, although the definite date is not yet set. Chas. S. Mills, auctioneer, of Cereal, has donated a beautiful cup, and this will be played for the first time at the Chinook spiel. This is an open competition and will be keenly contested. Mr. Mills is also donating the first prizes in this event—might be gold watches or diamond rings, don't know yet.

The public are welcome to see the curling games any night. No charge for admission, and the more crowd the more pep.

Found—A Lady's Legging, on the road south from Herve's corner. Owner can have same by paying \$50 for this advt.

Remember the date, Saturday, Jan. 24th, to see John F. Miller, the Eye Sight Specialist, of Calgary.

Crerar Points Way To The Federal Field

Brandon, Man. — "The most urgent of the problems facing the farmers' independent political party in Canada are in the federal field, to Hon. T. A. Crerar told the convention of the United Farmers of Manitoba. The former cabinet minister talked for more than an hour late in the evening and outlined federal problems, tariff, naval and military expenditures and imperial relations.

"The only way to escape the vast financial burdens which rest on us is by the practice of drastic taxation and rigid economy," said Mr. Crerar. He urged the importance of the supremacy of parliament over cabinet and advised the federal government to remove all restrictions on personal liberties and restore all the liberties enjoyed before the war.

Mr. Crerar said he had little doubt that there would be a good representation of farmers in the next parliament and he would like to see 15 or 20 labor men there, too; the farmers would meet heavy opposition since special privilege died hard. Mr. Crerar expressed his belief in the principle of direct taxation and denounced the existing tariff system.

After his speech and answering a question, Mr. Crerar declared it was his personal opinion that federal and provincial matters should be kept entirely separate.

"If the farmers permit their objective to be altered of sending to Ottawa a solid representation of supporters of the farmers' platform, I think they will be making a great mistake.

"If you, as farmers, give the impression that you want to run everything, will you keep the support of all classes as you have it now?" he asked.

"I say, the thing to do is to concentrate on the federal field. The first and greatest thing for the farmers of Western Canada is to get a solid representation at Ottawa."

Steel Strike Settled

National Committee Called Off Strike Which Had Been In Force Since September 22.

Pittsburgh, Pa. — The strike in the steel mills and furnaces called September 22, and which, at its inception, involved 37,000 men, was officially called off here by the national committee after an all-day meeting.

Announcement that the national committee had decided to proceed no further, was contained in a telegram sent to the headquarters of the American Federation of Labor in Washington, to the heads of all international unions interested, and to the organizers and field men in all strike districts.

Sinn Feiners On Hunger Strike. — Cork. — Forty Sinn Fein prisoners in the Cork jail began a hunger strike as a protest against the discrimination shown by the authorities in the ameliorative treatment promised them. Some of these prisoners have already been tried, while others are awaiting trial.

Further Trouble Appears To Be Pending in Egypt

Cairo. — A conversation between Viscount Milner, special British commissioner, with the Grand Mufti of Egypt, who is the religious chief of the Mohammedans in Egypt, is reported in the newspaper El Misr, in which the Grand Mufti attributed the present troubled spirit to the country's disappointed expectation regarding its independence.

Lord Milner contended that a protectorate was necessary to Egypt's interests and that a discussion could settle nine out of ten disputed points. The Mufti replied that no Egyptian would enter into a discussion except on the basis of independence.

Lord Milner maintained that some Egyptians were willing to discuss the subject, but few desired them.

The Grand Mufti declared that every country has its traitors but every patriot would refuse to enter into such a discussion.

The commissioner sought to convince him that Great Britain was

More Play For School Children

Dr. John Noble Advocates More Outdoor Exercise in Public Schools of Ontario.

Ottawa. — In the education of the children in the public schools of the province more money should be spent on hockey sticks and less on text books, declared Dr. John Noble, chairman of the Toronto board of education, speaking at the conference of the Urban School Trustees association here. He advocated more play, more outdoor work and increased attractions for the younger children, especially including music, dancing and theatricals.

Reduce War Criminals List

Ex-Crown Prince and Crown Prince Rupprecht of Bavaria to Be Tried.

London. — The list of war criminals to be denounced by the Allies for trial has been considerably revised and reduced from the originally proposed twelve hundred to about three hundred, according to the Daily Mail. "It was thought better," the newspaper adds, "to demand only those against whom specific serious charges have been assured, than a long list, releasing many persons charged with light offences."

"The German crown prince and Crown Prince Rupprecht of Bavaria remain on the list."

Wheat Exportation to U.S. Increased. — Ottawa, Ont. — How lifting the embargo on wheat has affected traffic with the United States is shown in figures issued here. In the month of November, the exports were 238,263 bushels, valued at \$614,241. In December, in 15 days of which the embargo was off, the exports were 1,190,507 bushels, valued at \$2,590,505.

Largest Hotel for Women Only. — New York. — The largest hotel in America, exclusively for women and designed especially for business women and those of moderate means, will be erected in the heart of New York at Fifty-seventh street and Lexington avenue. It will contain approximately 700 rooms to be rented at \$1 to \$2 a day.

Form Society To Fight Soviets. — Sarnia, Ont. — Prominent citizens working in conjunction with the veterans of the great war, will shortly call a general citizens' meeting here to give birth to an association which they hope will become nation-wide and which will have for its aim the destruction of Sovietism in the Dominion.

Osceloa, Ark. — E. W. Hansel, owner of a chain of plantation stores, was bound to a post and burned to death by robbers who looted his store at Holt, near here. Hansel's clothing had been saturated with gasoline. The store was also set on fire.

Prospects Are Good For Overseas Trade

W. C. Nixon Speaks Highly of Situation in Britain and Other European Countries.

Quebec. — Prospects for Canada's overseas trade, both in Great Britain and other European countries are excellent, according to W. C. Nixon, who was a member of the Canadian trade mission in London with Lloyd Harris, and who is in this city in conference with Sir George Foster and other members of the government and the Canadian trade commission in regard to overseas trade matters.

In the conference held a plan for continuing the trade representation and activities in Great Britain and other countries is being formulated and it is believed will be satisfactorily completed within a few days.

Mr. Nixon expects to return to London about the end of the month. While in Canada he will also confer with Lloyd Harris.

Italian's Death Is Causing Trouble

Native Trying to Turn Incident to Political Uses.

Cairo. — Italians here are greatly excited over the killing of an Italian musician by a British soldier and are getting the sympathy of a section of the natives who are trying to turn the incident to political uses. A military picket was holding up traffic to allow troops to pass. The Italian tried to break through, but was thrust back, whereupon he struck a soldier. Another soldier inflicted injuries, from which he died.

The students of Al-Bahar university threatened a demonstration at the funeral, but the Italian consul, who accepted the British official explanation, diverted the procession. A few hundred Egyptians demonstrated in the streets, denouncing Great Britain and cheering for Italy.

Food Situation Bad in Berlin

Authorities Charge That Present Supplies Are Mere Patchwork.

Berlin. — Papers discuss at great length and with much concern the food situation of the immediate future, so far as Berlin is concerned. Mayor Wermuth and his associates in the municipalities are not satisfied with the assurances given them in the course of their conference with the government. They assert that the government is unduly optimistic in view of the actual conditions.

The national grain bureau is disposing of only sufficient wheat supplies to ensure flour deliveries for fourteen days. Unless stocks are quickly moved, it is admitted that the capital is facing a genuine catastrophe at the beginning of February. The municipal authorities charge that the present makeshifts are mere patchwork and that they merely suggest a tie over the provisional shortage.

The city of Berlin is allowing a two-pound turnip ration as a partial offset to the potato shortage.

Clemenceau as President

Declares, However, That He Has Not Made Himself Candidate.

Paris. — The exact words of Premier Clemenceau on his return to Paris, with regard to the presidency, was thus described by Gustave Hervé's newspaper "Victoire": "I have not declared myself a candidate but if I am borne to the presidency of the republic I will accept."

The Echo de Paris quoted the Premier as having said: "The truth is the presidency of the republic is being forced upon me. I am being carried to the post."

Lenine Makes New Peace Offer. — Stockholm. — Nicolai Lenine, Russian Bolshevik premier, has made a new peace offer to the allies, which is being taken to London by Colonel Tallents, British representative in the Baltic states. Among other conditions included in the offer by Lenine is a promise to abolish terrorism and the activity of revolutionary tribunals, according to an Estonian newspaper.

Prince May Visit Japan. — Vancouver. — Information has been received from Tokio by S. Ukita, Japanese consul here, to the effect that the Prince of Wales probably will visit Japan this spring. He will extend his tour of Australia and India so as to embrace Japan. The completion will be returned by the Japanese Crown Prince visiting Great Britain, if plans now under consideration of the emperor mature.

W. N. U. 1298

Thirty Million Russians Have Died

Death Toll Exclusive of Five Million Men Killed on the Russian Front.

New York. — Thirty million men, women and children have died in Russia from violence, famine and disease in the last three years, according to a statement on present conditions in the once-great empire, which was made by Princess Cantacuz-Speransky, grand daughter of Ulysses Grant, in an appeal in behalf of the American Central committee for Russian relief. The tremendous death toll mentioned by the princess was exclusive, she said, of five million men who had laid down their lives on the Russian front, fighting for the allies.

Manitoba to Have Mounted Police

Organized for the Purpose of Enforcing Law in Remote Sections.

Winnipeg. — A provincial mounted police force is to be organized in Manitoba for the purpose of enforcing law in the new Rice Lake and the Rice mining companies and other remote sections. Col. J. C. Ratray, D.S.O., recently appointed chief of the police law enforcement department, announced. The new force will be remodelled, it is understood, after the Saskatchewan mounted police, which has met with considerable success since its organization three years ago.

Manitoba Elections in July

Term of Provincial Government Will Expire on August 6.

Winnipeg. — Hon. Edward Brown, provincial treasurer, states that the Manitoba provincial elections will probably take place the third week of next July. The term of the provincial government automatically expires August 6, 1920.

Mr. Brown declared that the election lists will not be revised until the first week in July, and it is necessary for at least seventeen days to expire between that time and the day of election.

"It is not customary," said Hon. P. J. Armstrong, provincial secretary, to have elections either in seedling or harvest seasons, therefore, the latter part of July is the probable time for the election."

Unless some unforeseen circumstances crop up, said Premier T. C. Norris, July 25 will likely be the date. The last election was held in 1915.

Mopping Up Continues

Four Hundred Reds Are Held For Deportation.

Detroit. — Examination of the 900 alleged radicals taken in raids here has been completed and more than 300 prisoners were turned over to immigration officials. Including those arrested in the November raids four hundred prisoners are now held here for deportation.

Visit Was Satisfactory.

Paris. — Prince Feisal, son of the King of the Hedjaz, has left Paris. The temps says it is informed that the negotiations of Prince Feisal with the French government resulted in a complete accord, by which the prince admits the formation of an Arabian state to include Damascus, Aleppo, Homs, and Hama, under the administration of Prince Feisal, with the assistance of French officials.

Sir Robert Borden Joins Lord Jellicoe. — West Palm Beach, Fla. — Sir Robert Borden, who has been spending a winter in Florida, left with Admiral Viscount Jellicoe, former British first sea lord, who passed through here en route from Washington to Key West. It was understood that Sir Robert would go to Cuba, where Viscount Jellicoe will board a British warship.

Agreement With G. T. Approved. — Ottawa. — Another step toward the completion of the government end of the agreement for the purchase of the Grand Trunk railway system was made with the approval by the governor-in-council of the form of an agreement between the government and the Grand Trunk company. Announcement was made that the agreement had been approved.

To Find Agreement on Peace. — Washington. — Senator Underwood, Democrat, Alabama, served notice in the senate that he would look over the treaty of Versailles was broken within a few days, he would press his resolution calling for the appointment of a bi-partisan committee of the senate to work out some agreement.

Split in Ranks of Democrats Over League of Nations

Prince to Visit His Alberta Ranch

Purebred Dartmoor Ponies and Short-horn Cattle Are Being Shipped.

Calgary. — The Prince of Wales is determined to visit his ranch in Alberta the coming fall on his way back from India, he told Professor Carlyle of Calgary, who has just returned from England, where he made arrangements for the shipment to the ranch of the "thoroughbred" Dartmoor ponies, which the prince is introducing to Alberta, also thoroughbred short-horn cattle and Shropshire sheep. The name of the ranch has been fixed by the prince as the "E. P. Ranch."

Prof. Carlyle, who is manager of the George Lane ranches, will also manage the prince's ranch.

Crooks Refuse to Mix With Radicals

"Respectable Prisoners," Led By Auto Bandits, Made Attack on Red In Jail.

Chicago. — Investigation of why more than 100 Reds arraigned at the federal building were suffering from black eyes, cut lips and bruises, revealed a riot at the county jail in which "respectable prisoners," led by a quintet of auto bandits and jewel thieves, attacked the radicals.

The riot is said to have occurred last Sunday. John Russo, held for robbery and credited by the jail attaches with being the ringleader in the assault of the Reds, is said to have knocked out fifteen of the radicals before guards quelled the riot.

Important Documents Seized

Two Printing Establishments at Washington Raided by U.S. Federal Agents.

Washington. — Federal agents raided the premises of the Volks Zeitung, a German socialist paper published here, and the Chatham Press, a printing establishment in which alleged communistic literature had been printed. Pamphlets, placards and literature were seized at each place and taken to department of justice headquarters. No arrests were made.

Agents, who made the raid, declared that the seizures were among the most important since the nation-wide campaign against Reds was made. The literature is printed in Russian. Ludwig Lore is the editor of the Volks Zeitung.

It costs eight cents to have a collar laundered in Paris.

Red Activity In Britain As Well As U. S.

London. — Bolshevik agitators in this country were working energetically along lines similar to those projected by the radicals in America, namely, the overthrow of the government and the establishment of a soviet form of government. It is thought probable that the plans on this side of the Atlantic have not yet reached the point achieved by those in the United States, but it is believed that the radicals here are rapidly reaching the point where they might seize upon some big labor strike as an opportunity for starting a revolutionary movement.

While these facts are common knowledge to close observers of the situation, it is said to be impossible for the British authorities under the present ultra-liberal laws of free speech to do much more than watch the progress of events. In other words, it is declared the British, broadly speaking, cannot take preventive measures, but must be content to deal with some actual event.

Great Britain can and does deport undesirable aliens, but in the case of British subjects the situation is more delicate.

There are only a few big Red leaders, but they have a sufficient following to form a goody sized nu-

Washington. — A split between President Wilson and William Jennings Bryan over whether the League of Nations should be made an issue at the coming election, topped off the Jackson Day deliberations of the Democratic party chiefs.

It came at the Jackson dinner as the climax of a day in which San Francisco had been chosen as the meeting place of the Democratic national convention on June 8, and it charged the air with political electricity. President Wilson, in his message read to the diners assembled in two separate halls, declared that the "clear and single way out" was to submit the subject to the voters as a great and solemn referendum.

Mr. Bryan, showing all the old-time vigor with which he led the fight for the president's nomination in Baltimore in 1912, declared that the Democratic party could not go before the country on the issue, because it involved a delay of fourteen months, and meant the success only if the Democrats captured a two-thirds majority of the senate.

"The party," Mr. Bryan declared, "must secure such compromises as may be possible."

The disagreement between the president and his former secretary of state, the first in public view since Mr. Bryan left the cabinet because he did not agree with the president's course in the diplomatic negotiations with Germany, was thus disclosed as a fact, although it has been rumored and reported in the underground currents of national politics.

In the opinion of political leaders, it crystallized an issue.

President Wilson, in his message, said nothing whatever about a third term for himself and neither did he make any formal announcement of his intended retirement to private life, as some had forecasted he would.

Mr. Bryan, in his prepared address, said nothing bearing on any ambitions toward a fourth presidential nomination, but before reading his manuscript he said he had nothing to ask, therefore the diners would not listen to him with the thought that they were listening to a candidate.

Prohibition Rejected in New Zealand.

London. — A despatch from Wellington, N. Z., says that on the referendum recount prohibition has failed to secure the necessary absolute majority. The present system will, therefore, continue.

Refuse to Discuss Frontiers.

London. — A wireless despatch from Berlin says the supreme council at Paris has refused a request of the German government to negotiate a modification of the German frontier lines, as they are stipulated in the peace treaty.

NOTICE

beg to notify my many friends and customers that I have moved into larger and more convenient premises, opposite the Union bank

Come in and see me

Chinook Harness Shop

S. H. SMITH,

Proprietor,

Chinook



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Is prepared to conduct all kinds of Auction Sales. Terms moderate

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AND
CALIFORNIA

DAILY TRAINS

Any agent will assist you with your winter trip, quote lowest fares, secure berths and other accommodation

Choice of Routes Winnipeg to Toronto

Most modern and up-to-date Equipment, including Observation cars Winnipeg-Toronto and Edmonton-Vancouver.

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W. E. BRIGGS

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LL.B.

Barrister, Solicitor, Notary

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In Chinook every Tuesday and Friday

L. E. Ormond, B.A., LL.B.

Graduate of University of St. Francis Xavier's College and Dalhousie Law School.

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Advice re Land Settlement, etc, free to returned soldiers

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Gynaecology, Diseases of Women

and Children

Optical Work, - Glasses made

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Graduate of Chicago

College of

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Highest Price Paid.

Weekly returns

For real satisfaction ship your cream to

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Regular first-class meals, 40c Board and Room by the week very reasonable.

Short Orders at all hours Confectionery, Cigars, Cigarettes and Tobaccos

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Chinook, Alta.

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All orders promptly attended to

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CHINOOK MARKETS

| | |
|--------------------------|--------|
| Wheat, No. 1. | \$1 01 |
| " No. 2 | 1 88 |
| " No. 3 | 1 83 |
| Oats, No. 2, Canada West | 60 |
| Chaff, feed | 63 |
| Hay | 1.00 |
| Flax | 8.00 |
| Corn | 1.00 |
| Live Hogs (Calgary) | 60.00 |
| Eggs | 75 |
| Butter | 50 |

Notice

A Pure-bred Duroc Jersey Boar kept at north half 5-26-7

S. A. Wilton, Rearville

For Sale

Number of White Wyndotte Roosters for sale or exchange.

A. SPREEMAN

17-27-8 Collingwood P.O.

Notice

Young Duroc Boar kept on n. half 6-28-7

Saskatchewan Rural School Exhibitions

From 280 to 225 school exhibitions were held in Saskatchewan this year, a marked increase over 1918, with a corresponding improvement in the quality as well as in the number of exhibits. In practically all instances where boys' and girls' clubs are in existence, the club fair is held in connection with the school exhibition. It is the policy of the Department of Education to send at least one judge or speaker to each of the school exhibitions held, and with very few exceptions, judges and speakers have been provided for the exhibitions this year, adding very greatly to the interest and the value of these gatherings. Those not receiving assistance have been small exhibitions, except in rare instances where conflicting dates made it impossible to secure judges.

In addition to this outside help, the school inspectors in whose territory the exhibition is held, invariably attend, and it is largely due to their efforts that the movement has attained its present success.

Some interesting experiments have been tried out this year in connection with the organizing of school exhibitions. In the Prince Albert exhibition a series of small local exhibitions in each municipality has been arranged with a large central municipal exhibition, where the winners from the locals compete. Eight local exhibitions in the Prince Albert rural municipality, and great interest was taken in these small exhibitions, as well as in the larger municipal exhibition held on September 27 in Prince Albert. Rosetown municipality is trying out the same plan with seven small exhibitions, with a large central municipal exhibition at Shellbrook. Following their exhibition when the teachers' conventions are held, exhibits selected from the municipal exhibitions will be shown, so that the best of the work by the pupils in the entire inspectorate will be on display for the teachers to see and compare.

Sailor Rides With King

The King and Queen had an amusing experience recently, which illustrates His Majesty's popularity with the navy and his love for the senior service.

They were driving down the Mall with Sir Chas. Caut (says the "Daily Express") when the sailor, slightly the worse for wear, jumped on the steps of their car and insisted on shaking hands with the King. Sir Charles ordered him to get down, and the sailor said: "No, I have fought for him, and I am going to ride with him!"

Thereupon the King said: "Come inside," and opened the door for him. The sailor sat on the floor at the King's feet, and the King, who was highly amused, questioned him about his war services. After three or four minutes the King said: "Now that you have ridden with me, don't you think you had better get out?"

The sailor again grasped the King's hand, swung himself out of the slowly moving car, and told his Majesty what "a fine chap" he was.

Prince Buys Shorthorns

1000 Guineas Paid By the Prince of Wales for Shorthorn Fairy IV.

The last notable dispersal sale of purchased Shorthorns in England for the season took place at Shorthorn, Gloucester, where Messrs. John Thornton & Co. sold the entire herd bred by and the property of the late Lord Shorthorn. The 47 head of cattle which came into the ring were all members of noted Scottish families, and sold for the big total of £15,141, averaging £322 3s. each.

The highest price of the sale was 1,000 guineas, paid by the Prince of Wales for Shorthorn Fairy IV, while Mr. G. T. Brudenell, Deane Park, Peterborough, gave 500 guineas for Augusta 3rd. Among the high prices for bulls was 280 guineas by Mr. J. Bowden, Belfast, for the stock bull Moonlight.

The Difference

"Why is it, Sam, that one never hears of a dirty committing suicide?" inquired a northern man.

"Well, you see, it's disaway, boss," answered the negro. "When a white pusson he ax to trouble he sets down an' gits to studyin' bout an' a-wor-ryin' 'em. Then first 'you know he done killed hisself, but when a nigger sets down to think about his troubles, why, he jes' natcherly goes to sleep!"

In a gasoline pump invented by a Frenchman, steel hooks carried by a revolving cylinder pulverize the soil to a considerable depth.

School Land Lease System Is Changed

Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta Provided for in Order-in-Council

A change in the method of leasing school lands in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta is provided for in an order-in-council now gazetted. The order governing grazing permits on school lands in those provinces is rescinded. All permits shall be on a yearly basis terminating April 1, at a rental of ten cents per acre per annum, subject to change at the discretion of the minister of the interior. The permittee shall not graze any other than his own stock; neither shall he assign or transfer any interest in the permit without the consent of the minister. He must place on the land at least one head of stock for every 30 acres. The erection of fences and temporary buildings only is permitted, and any renewals shall be from year to year at the discretion of the minister. A permit to cut hay for barter may be secured by the permittee for an office fee of fifteen cents and fifty cents per ton.

England Buys Western Horses

Pure Bred Percherons From Southern Alberta Brought High Prices

The first open sale of pure bred Percheron horses ever held in Great Britain took place recently at Hendon, England, and the animals imported from Canada brought an average price of £224. Two shipments of pure bred Percheron horses have been made to England within the year by George Lane, the Southern Alberta horse breeder and cattle rancher. The first of these shipments was made towards the end of 1918, and was purchased by the Hon. Alexander Parker, of Norton Curlew, Warwick, a prominent horse-breeder. A further shipment was made a few weeks ago to Col. H. G. Henderson and Mr. Parker. Mr. Lane has also sold a pure-bred stallion and 50 high-class mares to Lord Minto, son of a former Governor-General of Canada. It is stated that George Lane has the largest number of pure-bred horses of any one bred in the world.

Other livestock statistics are given as follows: 364,098 sheep, 445,858 swine, 3,987,131 chickens, 439,244 fowls of other kinds.

These figures are based upon the reports compiled by both the federal and provincial statisticians, which have been checked up, revised and finally adopted as complete and authentic, or as near as it can be done, co-operative plan is in force between the two governments in relation to all crop and farming statistics, and the summary now to hand is the result of the 1919 figures.

Co-operation Is Urged

New Booklet on Work of Saskatchewan Department of Agriculture

A bulletin on co-operative livestock marketing has just been issued by the Co-operative Organization branch of the Saskatchewan Department of Agriculture. The bulletin points out the advantages of stock marketing associations, and gives full information of the steps to take in organizing a stock marketing association, with suggested constitution and bylaws, forms used in accounting, and suggestions for selecting a market.

Full details about the Southern Saskatchewan Co-operative Stock Yards Co., Ltd., at Moose Jaw, and the Northern Co-operative Stock Yards Co., Ltd., at Prince Albert, with yardage charges, commission fees and buying charges at both places, are given, and lists of commission firms, selling charges, etc., at Winnipeg, Calgary, Edmonton and Toronto markets.

Other valuable features of the bulletin are: The classification used by the markets intelligence division of the livestock branch in reporting on livestock markets; the shipping regulations of all railway lines in Canada, and stock loading days on all the railway lines in Saskatchewan.

Coal in Saskatchewan

Increased Activities Indicated By Report for Year Ending April 30

According to the annual report of the Bureau of Labor of the Department of Agriculture of Saskatchewan for the twelve months ended April 30, 1919, 350,081 tons of coal were produced from 31 mines, as against 336,000 tons in the previous year, and that 403 miners were employed, as against 264 during the year before. Four new mines were opened at Bismarck, Elm Springs, Shaunavon and Ravenscrag. The following figures show the approximate amount of coal, of all grades, mined in Saskatchewan during the year: Alberta, bituminous, 250,000 tons; Alberta, lignite, 1,000,000 tons; Alberta, anthracite, 7,000 tons; Alberta briquettes, 16,000 tons; Saskatchewan mines, 347,000 tons; United States, anthracite, 30,000 tons. Total, 1,650,000 tons.

The toothbrush plant of Jamaica is one of the most curious plants in the world. By cutting pencils and fraying the ends the natives obtain natural toothbrushes, and a toothpowder is obtained by pulverizing the dried stems.

A superstitious individual says it is a bad sign to write another man's name on a note.

Crimes No Punishment Can Atone For

It Is No Wonder the French Do Not Love the Germans

Robert Roekling, one of the Germans who was responsible for the pillaging of factories in Eastern France, has been sentenced by a court-martial at Amiens to ten years imprisonment, fifteen years exile, and a fine of five million francs. It was testified at his trial that in November, 1918, he stripped and wrecked the French factories, collecting their machinery and materials into heaps and blowing it up.

As the armistice was signed on the 11th of November, 1918, Roekling's action was tantamount to a last spiteful kick at the nation who had already suffered such extremes of cruelty and frightfulness at the hands of the Germans. But there was method in his spite; machinery and factories and equipment are vital necessities to France in the reconstruction period; it is to Germany's advantage that France's industrial handicap be continued as long as possible, and by his destruction of industrial material in northeast France Roekling has undoubtedly delayed French reconstruction in these districts to a very considerable extent. So far as picking up again industrially after the war, Germany was well ahead of France. Germany only needed raw material for her factories, which were intact and in running order; but as well as raw material France needed the manufacturing machinery and the factories; too; they had all vanished in the northeastern districts during the war; the Germans had seen to that, and Herr Roekling was keeping up the good work for the Fatherland to late as the month in which the Fatherland bit the dust.

It is no wonder the French do not love the Germans; it is no wonder they pressed for a stiff peace. Forbidding Roekling the country and taking money from him will not bring back the time and opportunities lost to France by the rule he produced. It will not erase the bitter feelings left by such brutality on the hearts of the French people. These are the things a people cannot forget; they are among the many wrongs inflicted upon France for which the Germans can never make adequate reparation. — Winnipeg Free Press.

Bustle Along River Jordan

British Energy Extending Modernization That Begun With Jerusalem Was Taken

There is unaccustomed activity along the River Jordan. Experts from the technical department of the government at Cairo are prospecting for coal, oil, and minerals; engineers are making the surveys that form the reclamation of waste land by irrigation. In the matter of the production of electricity, before the war was regarded as the Sultan's property. No vessel could sail without his permission, nor could any bridge be built over it, and the permission had been withheld from tourist companies wishing to establish steamboat service. Much of the immediate country was waste land, and still is for that matter, except that now the British engineers have looked at it and said that a system of irrigation canals could use the river and make some 250,000 acres of alluvial soil available for the agriculture of a semi-tropical climate. At the same time the examination of the Dead Sea basin predicts that here Palestine has a source of natural wealth comparable to the Klondike. Coal, oil, bitumen and sulphur undoubtedly wait for development; copper was mined there when Byzantium stood on part of the site of Constantinople; marble, porphyry, and other valuable kinds of stone add to the natural wealth, to say nothing of salt and phosphates.

Chinese Thrifty People

The manager of a Chicago savings bank made an examination of his accounts on racial lines and had the surprise of his life. He discovered that about the most desirable customers the bank had and the most profitable were the Chinese. Their average balance was far above the average of all accounts. In fact, the Chinese came pretty near to having the largest deposits of any patrons of the institution. Moreover, they were the easiest of all to please, made the least complaint and never in the history of the bank had there been a legal difficulty over a Chinaman's account.

Says Germany Will Menace the World

New Method of Utilizing Lignite

Briquetting Plant Expected to Be a Complete Success

A new method of utilizing the vast deposits of low grade lignite coal, which underlie great tracts of the southwestern and south-central portions of the province of Manitoba, has been successfully demonstrated by the provincial government in the power plant of the town of Souris. This plant, formerly operated on American anthracite, was remodelled by the gas engineer of the Public Utilities Commission in 1916, the new arrangement being the first of its kind on the continent. It has operated four years without hitch, showing a reduction of 40 per cent. in fuel cost, a considerable increase in efficiency, and the requirement of less labor and attention. The experiment was entirely financed by the provincial government, but the whole cost has been absorbed by the town after demonstration that the plant was a permanent success. Coupled with the successful experiments of the Lignite Utilization Board in the briquetting of Lignite coal, this gives bright promise that the enormous deposits of lignite coal, both in Manitoba and Saskatchewan, can be used to advantage, in the direction of replacement, as compared with the price of imported American coal.

About Lamps

A Chemist Conceived the Idea of a Lamp With a Wick and a Chimney

For at least 10,000 years, says a writer who has made a hobby of collecting old lamps, there was practically no change in the type of lamp with which mankind sought to carry on his affairs after nightfall. The ancient Romans, for example, used almost identically the same kind of lamp as the so-called "butter" that the Pilgrims brought to America in the Mayflower. A container held the oil, and a wick, floating or loosely confined in it, provided a "smoky, smelly spark of light," all the more in convenient because the oil was so crude and the wick had frequently to be "picked up" and freed of the accumulated carbon crust. Yet the "butter" had its conveniences, for it possessed a staple by which it could be hung up almost anywhere. Not till 1782 it is surprising to learn, did Argand, a Swiss or French chemist, conceive the idea of a lamp with a wick or chimney; less surprising is it to know that Benjamin Franklin took a hand in the matter. He discovered that two wicks placed close together were better than one.

Sir George Paish

Recognized as One of the Best Authorities on Economic Subjects in Great Britain

Sir George Paish, who has come to America on a mission connected with the economic situation in Europe, is recognized as one of the best authorities on economic subjects in Great Britain. For many years he was one of the editors of The Statist, a leading financial paper of London. He has paid several visits to the United States and Canada, and has made a close study of financial conditions in both countries. The honor of knighthood came to him in 1912, in recognition of his work as an economist and statistician. During the war Sir George rendered important services to the British government and to the United States, and probably no one has done more than he to bring the present situation in Europe vividly before the public. He is the originator of the idea of providing international credits to enable the central Europe countries to re-establish their industries and generally to rehabilitate themselves.

It Has Been Said

That there is a better market for smiles than for frowns.

That there's time for everything except the retelling of your troubles.

That strong men must expect to be misunderstood and criticized. That is part of the price of rising above mediocrity.

That it is a curious inversion of the fitness of things that those whose time is worth the least generally have the most expensive watches.

Mr. Victor E. Vallance, of Winnipeg, and late of Wood-Vallance, Ltd., has become associated with the big range and hardware business of Merck-Anderson Co., Ltd., of Winnipeg, and will devote all his time to that business.

"In two years Germany will be as strong as she was before the war," said General Emil Mangin, the hero of the second battle of the Marne, in Paris recently. "The present Socialist regime has done for national unity in one year more than the Kaiser did in twenty."

General Mangin has been variously reported as entrusted with missions to Morocco and the Baltic provinces, and recently he was relieved of his command on the Rhine. He talked freely not only about Germany, but also about his recent personal history.

"Here are a few details which the world may not know," he continued. "In 1914 Germany was divided into 26 federal states, some of which, like Bavaria, Wurtemberg, and Saxony, possessed a large measure of autonomy. They maintained diplomatic representatives abroad and in Berlin. They enjoyed special privileges over the railroads, telegraphs, and taxation systems within their territory. Bavaria guarded jealously the right to keep a separate army."

"Now all that has disappeared. There are no longer 26 different governments, but one. It has done away with all state privileges. Instead of collecting one-fifth of the national taxes and leaving four-fifths to the different states as the Kaiser did, the present government absorbs ninety per cent. of them. Do ordinary people realize what this means? Moreover, the false Socialists now at the helm at Berlin are working conscientiously for a future war. From that comes their plan for socialization and state control over industry. They have already a monopoly over electricity and the production of oil, lines, railroads and factories, which are run by that power. In Germany electricity has reached greater development than anywhere else in the world."

"Furthermore, a bill has passed the national assembly to give the government control over the mines, and, through them over the iron and steel industry. In reality, it is so-called Socialist programs, going through all business in the country would be subjected to the surveillance of the state. This will give a small group of men in Berlin more power than the Kaiser ever dreamed of possessing. It will make Germany a more centralized nation than France, England and Japan."

Manufacturing Jewels

Factory in Paris Where Precious Stones Are Made

There is a factory in the suburbs of Paris in which are made, every day, rubies, sapphires and other precious stones—not imitation stones, but real jewels, made of exactly the same materials as the natural ones and by the same process—heat and pressure. This was made possible by the recent discovery of means of producing intense heat. Many years ago diamond crystals were found in a meteorite that had been sent to Paris for examination, and it was deduced that diamonds and other precious stones were the product mainly of heat and pressure. The precious stones were analysed and the composition of them was found to be identical with that of the meteorite. But the old fuel-burning furnaces would not give the requisite heat and gem-makers had to wait for the invention of the oxy-hydrogen blow-pipe and the electric furnace. With temperatures of 3,000 degrees Fahrenheit and more all the chief stones were soon produced artificially, and after much experimenting, a factory method was evolved of making the chief jewels except the diamond.

Lille Mills Restored

Were Looted By the Germans Only a Few Months Ago

Forty thousand persons are at work in the French textile mills, which only a few months ago were razed or looted by the Germans. The wonderfully delicate machinery, the correspondence of the Associated Press was given the facts with reference to the industry by French authorities, who arranged a trip to show him the strides made by the nation in reconstruction.

Within a year, government officials and manufacturers agree, production of textiles will reach half of the pre-war total, and within two years, the present forecast, the 1914 output will be surpassed.

The wool industry is said to have recovered most rapidly, with cotton in second place. Linen weaving is reported to be slowest in getting back to normal because of the shortage of flax, formerly obtained from Russia.

Every Girl Who Earns Her Living Read This!

Very complex in her physical relations to life, disease early seizes upon the woman who works, and she must therefore guard jealously anything that would tend to destroy her vitality or health.

Probably nothing of more service than Dr. Hamilton's Pills, and every girl and woman can employ this grand remedy with gratifying results.

As a system tonic and blood renovator, no treatment gives such results. For maintaining good digestion and healthy appetite, it is impossible to equal Dr. Hamilton's Pills.

Dusky, sallow complexion is changed to a healthy, ruddy glow, which proves that Dr. Hamilton's Pills circulate blood that is rich and nourishing.

Weak organs are filled with new life and vitality; weakness, irregularities and the common ills are prevented.

When you feel poorly, when the head aches, back lingers, and a drowsy, tired feeling creeps through you—that tells of the need of Dr. Hamilton's Pills; try them.

Sold in yellow boxes, 25c.

THE COW PUNCHER

BY ROBERT J. C. STEAD

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(Continued.)

"Oh, certainly," Conward agreed, and he plunged into a mass of incidents to show how profitable investments had been to other clients of the firm. He emphasized particularly the desirability of buying improved property—preferably residential property—and suddenly recalled that he had something very choice in which they might be interested. At this juncture Conward's word of deliberation gave way to one of briskness; he summoned a car, and in a few minutes his client was seated in the property which he had recommended. Mrs. Hardy, who, during her husband's life had never found it necessary to bear the responsibilities or make business decisions, was an amateurish buyer, her tendency being alternately to show caution on one side and recklessness on the other. Conward's manner pleased her; the house he showed pleased her, and she was eager to have it over with. But he was too shrewd to appear to encourage a hasty decision. He realized at once that he had told Mrs. Hardy, but Irene was a customer calling for more tactful handling. Conward's eye had not failed to appreciate the charm of the young woman's appearance. He would gladly have ingratiated himself with her, but he was conscious of a feeling of responsibility that held him aloof. And that consciousness made him desire the more to gain her confidence. However, this was a business transaction. He did not seize upon Mrs. Hardy's remark that the house "centred perfectly" as a business transaction, but he insisted on showing other houses, which he quoted at such impossible figures that presently the lady was in a feverish haste to make a deposit less some other buyer should forestall her.

Back in Conward's office, while the agreement was being drawn, Irene was possessed of a consuming desire to consult with Dave Elden. She was uneasy about this transaction in which her mother proposed so precipitately to invest the greater part of their little fortune. But the more she thought over the situation the more its difficulties became apparent. She had no personal knowledge or experience which could be summoned for such an occasion. She would like to have asked Dave's advice; instinctively she distrusted Conward. Yet, Conward was Dave's partner.

It was impossible to picture honest motives to one half of the firm and deny them to the other. And it was unreasonable to expect that Dave's advice would conflict with Conward's. And, in the event that an issue did arise between the two partners, it was quite certain that Conward would side with Conward. Meanwhile the agreement neared completion, and Mrs. Hardy had produced her cheque book.

Irene's excitement at length reached the point where she could no longer remain silent. "I'm not going to hesitate, mother," she cried. "If you buy this house we will only have a few thousand dollars left. I am not thinking of myself, but you will demand other expenditures." "My health was never better," Mrs. Hardy interrupted. "And I'm not going to miss a chance like this, health or no health. You have heard Mr. Conward tell how many people have grown wealthy buying property and selling it again. And I will sell it again—when I get my price," she ended, with a finality that suggested that large profits were already assured.

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"It is as your mother says," Conward interjected. "There are many rapid increases in value. I would not be surprised if you should be offered an advance of ten thousand dollars on this place before fall. It is really a very exceptional investment."

"There must be an end somewhere," Irene murmured, rather evasively. "I shall give you five thousand dollars now," she said, "and the balance when I have a chance of having my plans overthrown by any possible change of mind on your part. Not that I think you will change your mind," she hurried to add, "I think you are already convinced that it is a very good buy indeed."

"I am entirely satisfied," said Mrs. Hardy. "The fact that Mr. Elden wants to get the property back makes me more satisfied," she added, with the peculiarly irritating laugh of a woman who thinks she is extraordinarily shrewd, and is only very slightly the agreement is signed."

Dave Elden walked to the desk and picked up the document, and the cheque that lay upon them. His eye ran down the familiar contract. This agreement is in the name of Conward & Elden," he said. "This cheque is payable to Conward & Elden."

He was addressing Conward. Conward's livid face had become white, and it was with difficulty he controlled his anger. "There are all printed this way," he explained. "I am going to have them endorsed over to me."

"You are not," said Dave. "On a charge of this woman twenty-five thousand dollars for a house that won't bring twenty thousand on the open market today, and will fall to bring ten thousand. The firm of Conward & Elden will have nothing to do with that transaction. It won't even endorse it over."

(To Be Continued.)

Dave had no plan. He simply walked into Conward's office, and the mind behind caught something of its portent. Irene's beauty! What a quickening of the pulses was his as he saw this splendid woman, the girl who had stirred and returned his youthful passion! But Dave had poise. Upon a natural ability to take care of himself in a physical sense, environment and training had imposed a mental resourcefulness not easily taken at a disadvantage. He walked straight to Irene.

"I heard your voice," he said, in quiet tones that gave no hint of the emotion beneath. "I am very glad to see you again." He took the hand which she extended to him, and, as Irene protested to herself, that was more than firm and warm, but it set her finger-tips a quivering.

"My mother, Mr. Elden," she managed to say, and she hoped her voice was as well controlled as his had been. Mrs. Hardy looked on the clay-built young man with the dark eyes and the brown, smooth face, but the name suggested nothing.

Dave merely told her of Mr. Elden. It was at his ranch we stayed when father was hurt."

"I have been a cow-puncher," exclaimed Mrs. Hardy, with no abatement of the contempt which she always compressed into her vocabulary.

"Times change quickly in the West, madam," said Dave. "There was nothing to suggest that he had caught the note in hers. "Most of our business men—at least, those bred in the city—have thrown a lasso in their day. You should hear the brag of their steer-roping yet in the ranchmen's club."

Dave had actually turned the tables. Where her mother had implied her contempt he had set up a note of pride among these square-built Western men that they had graduated into their office chairs from the saddle and out-of-doors.

"Oh, I suppose," said her mother, for lack of a better answer. "Everything is as absurd in the West. But you were good to my daughter, and poor dear Andrew. If only he had been spared. Women are so unkind to these business men."

Conward. It is fortunate there are a few reliable firms upon which we can lean in our inexperience."

"Mother has bought a house," Irene explained to Dave. "We thought this was a safe place to come."

A look on Elden's face caused her to pause. "Why, what is wrong?" she said.

Dave looked at Conward, at Mrs. Hardy, and at Irene. He was instantly aware that Conward had "stung" him. It was common knowledge in inside circles that the firm of Conward & Elden had been scurrying for cover; as quietly and secretly as possible, to avoid alarming the public, but scurrying for cover nevertheless. And Dave had acquiesced in that policy. He had little stomach for it, but no other course seemed possible. Conward, he knew, had no scruples. Bert Morrison had been caught in his snare; and now poor Andrew and Irene had proved a ready victim. As Conward was wont to say, business is business. And he acquiesced. His position was extremely difficult.

"I don't think I would be in a hurry to buy," he said, slowly turning his eyes on the woman who would prove wiser to rent a home for awhile. Rents are becoming easier."

"But I have bought," said Mrs. Hardy, and there was triumph, rather than regret in her voice. "I have paid my deposit."

"I am entirely satisfied," said Mrs. Hardy. "The fact that Mr. Elden wants to get the property back makes me more satisfied," she added, with the peculiarly irritating laugh of a woman who thinks she is extraordinarily shrewd, and is only very slightly the agreement is signed."

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Hardy. "What Mr. Elden has told you about the policy of the firm is quite true," he managed to say. "But, as it happens, this transaction is not an advance of ten thousand dollars personally. I find it necessary to dispose of the property which I have just sold to you at such an exceptional price—he was looking at Mrs. Hardy—"I find it necessary for financial reasons to dispose of it, and naturally I cannot see a chance of having my plans overthrown by any possible change of mind on your part. Not that I think you will change your mind," he hurried to add, "I think you are already convinced that it is a very good buy indeed."

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The Bankruptcy Of the Old Order

France Still Alarmed Over Possible Future Wars.

What stronger proof can there be of the utter bankruptcy of the old policy and the old methods than the present unhappy frame of mind of France? She has just emerged completely victorious from a tremendous war. Her enemy is prostrate; she has recovered her lost provinces. One of the two great empires whose united power threatened her is completely and permanently broken up; the other is so crippled that a generation at least must pass before it can recover even a semblance of its former state and power. And yet France feels no security. The warm friendship of this country and our community of interests appear to her, of small account unless accompanied by a definite assurance of military support. The no less warm friendship of America and the mighty power she has given of her readiness to give practical effect to it when the need arose, bring even less of consolation, and the very magnitude of the military success breeds alarm lest it should invite reprisals. Time may do something to allay these surely exaggerated alarms, but clearly the only sure way of escape from an ever-present anxiety is by a policy larger and more generous than that which hitherto has completely dominated the official mind of France, though, happily, not the whole of the French people—Manchester Guardian.

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A Mortgage on the Farm?

An Excelsior Policy will provide for its payment whether you live or die. Write us today for pamphlets.

THE EXCELSIOR LIFE INSURANCE CO.
WINNIPEG SASKATOON EDMONTON VANCOUVER

Wood's Peppermint Cure
The Great English Remedy
For Coughs, Croup, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, Asthma, Bronchitis, Hay Fever, and all the ailments of the Throat, Lungs and Chest. Price 21¢ per bottle, 42¢ per dozen. Sold everywhere. **WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS** for Pale People. Price 21¢ per bottle, 42¢ per dozen. Sold everywhere.

VETERAN'S
Without Fear Blood Treatment is impossible. **WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS** for Pale People. Price 21¢ per bottle, 42¢ per dozen. Sold everywhere.

BOOK ON DOGS
How to Feed, Train, and Breed. By **H. CLAY GLOVER**, V.C., INC., 118 West Main Street, New York, U.S.A.

CHOICE SILVER BLACK
breeding foxes. Instructions. Reid Bros., Bothwell, Ont., Canada.

MONEY ORDERS
Remit by Dominion Express Money Order. If lost or stolen, you get your money back.

Making Schooners
At Edmonton

For the Use of Eskimo Navigators on Arctic Waters
Two made-in-Edmonton schooners for the use of Eskimo navigators on Arctic waters are now being given their finishing touches preparatory to a start on their way north to Fort McMurray, and when navigation opens in the spring they will complete the northbound journey by towing down the Slave and Mackenzie rivers to Fort McPherson. The boats are 40-foot craft, carrying a spread of canvas on two masts, and will be of some three tons weight. When they reach their destination they will be sold to the Eskimos on a trade-and-barter basis, raw furs being taken in payment.

HEALTH FOR THE BABY

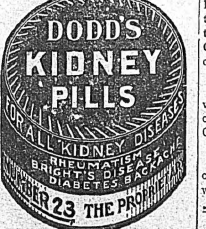
The baby of today is the man or woman of tomorrow. Thus the success of the future man or woman depends upon the baby's present welfare. If the baby is sickly and ill nourished it is not to be expected that he will grow into a strong, healthy man who will hold his own in the business world a few years hence. Mothers, it is a duty you owe the future to keep your little one well served. This can be easily done by Baby's Own Tablets as kept in the house. The Tablets are a mild but thorough laxative, which regulate the bowels and sweeten the stomach and thus make baby healthy and strong. Concerning them Mrs. W. Orser, Elginburg, Ont., writes: "I have a fine healthy boy three years and have used Baby's Own Tablets for him ever since he was a small baby. I certainly think them a splendid medicine." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Increase in Creamery Output

Saskatchewan Fast Coming to the Front in Dairying.

F. Hedley Auld, deputy minister of agriculture for Saskatchewan, is an authority for the statement that creamery butter products in Saskatchewan have increased during the past year from 20 to 35 per cent, as compared with the year 1918. The increase in 1918 over the year 1917 amounted to 50 per cent.

Saskatchewan, he said, was fast coming to the front as a dairy-producing province and he was of the opinion that development in the future would be rapid. Quality was, however, what counted and anything that could be done in the way of emphasizing the need for a higher quality of butter would be a step in the right direction.



Packing Boxes

Without Nails

A Novel and Ingenious Form of Packing Crate or Box

Arrangements are being made in Great Britain for increasing the output of a novel and ingenious form of packing crate or box. It requires no nails, no screws, no hinges, no wires; it is collapsible, and when put together is capable of holding any kind of merchandise. Rigidity is obtained by a system of interlocking parts. A special method of sealing the cases has been adapted to render the work of the plifter more difficult. With the ordinary nailed-up box it is an easy job for the railway thief to apply a jemmy or a nail lifter and restore the original outward appearance of the package after he has extracted the contents. With this new crate it is impossible to extract any goods without leaving obvious signs that the package has been tampered with. Another advantage in these days of congested transport is that "retained empties" take only one-fifth of the space occupied by the non-collapsible box.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

Getting Gold Out of Australia. Australia forbids the export of gold without authority, but the Chinese who go back to their own land on a visit show considerable ingenuity in taking away the coveted sovereign. Recently customs inspectors made a rich haul in a raisin jar the back of a shaving mirror, an alarm clock, and the leather band of a hat. The Chinese cheerfully paid the fines imposed on them and were delighted when the confiscated gold was returned to them.

Piles Cured in 6 to 14 Days
Druggists refund money if PAXO OINTMENT fails to cure itching, bleeding, or protruding piles. Stops irritation; soothes and heals. You can get restful sleep after the first application. Price 60c.

New Use For Echoes

Device Invented for Taking Soundings

An inventor in Oakland, California, has found a new and practical use for echoes, and as a result the time may come when the practice of "heaving the lead" at sea will be known only in historical novels and old maritime history. The marimeter, as the new device is called, sends a sound from the keel of the ship to the bottom of the sea; the sound comes back as an echo, and the journey, automatically recorded on a dial, is translated into terms of length. The report shows the depth of water between the keel and bottom, calculated from the known speed of a sound-wave in salt water, and the knowledge may be acquired at the rate of four soundings a minute, which is very much faster than by other methods. The marimeter, to be sure, has only recently gone to sea, if indeed the steamer Governor, which will carry the first of them, has yet left dry-dock in Seattle, Washington. But the instrument promises to add materially to the security of ocean traffic.—Christian Science Monitor.

His Flesh Horribly Burnt

His droggist sold him a cheap old corn cure; what he should have bought was Putnam's Corn Extractor; it's purely vegetable and acts in 24 hours. Insist on only Putnam's Extractor! 25c at all dealers.

Control of Constantinople

Internationalization of Constantinople and the Straits of Dardanelles has been decided upon along the lines laid down by Premier Lloyd George of Great Britain, in a recent speech, according to the Paris Matin. It seems certain, the newspaper says, that the seat of the Turkish government will be transferred to Asia Minor and be located either at Bursa or Koniah. Details of the form of international control which will be established over Constantinople have not as yet become known.

Smoking in the streets of London was not known until introduced by officers who had returned from the Crimea.

The opposite side of the street is one thing that never comes to a man who waits.

W. N. U. 1298

Army of Occupation Maintained

Declare Germany's Request for Reduction in Force Is Unwarranted.

An allied note delivered to the German delegation refused to decrease the number of troops effective destined for the territories in which plebiscites are to be held. The note says that non-participation by the United States in the proposed occupation already has decreased the effectives by one fourth, and Germany's expenses will be reduced accordingly and that therefore Germany's request for a lessening in the number of troops is unwarranted.

FALLING? HERE'S WHERE IT SHOWS

Don't worry! Let "Dandierie" save your hair and double its beauty



To stop falling hair at once and rid the scalp of every particle of dandruff, get a small bottle of delightful "Dandierie" at any drug or toilet counter for a few cents, pour a little in your hand and rub it into the scalp. After several applications, the hair usually stops coming out and you can't find any dandruff. Your hair will grow strong, thick and long and appear soft, glossy and twice as beautiful and abundant. Try it!

Present Flag to City

Winchester, England, Gives Token of Friendship to Winchester, Va.

As an expression of friendship of the people of Winchester, England, through which 1,000,000 American soldiers passed on their overseas journey to join the American Expeditionary Force, the original municipal flag of the ancient British city has been presented to its American namesake, Winchester, Virginia.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is sole proprietor of the first F. J. Cheney & Co., drug business in the City of Toledo, Ohio, and State of Ohio, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 5th day of December, A.D. 1918.
(Seal) A. W. Gleason, Notary Public.
HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is taken internally and acts through the blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System.
Druggists, 75c. Testimonials free.
F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Can Always Find It.
"Never mind, old chap, I know of one place where happiness is always to be found."
"Oh, where's that?"
"In the dictionary."

Minard's Liniment Cures Gargot in Cows.

The British Empire.
The area of the British Empire and its Protectorate is about 11,500,000 square miles or more than one-fifth of the total land surface of the globe. The population is over 417,000,000 or about one-fourth of the world's inhabitants.

Many a man's reputation casts a shadow over his character.

KNOCKS OUT PAIN THE FIRST ROUND

Comforting relief from pain makes Sloan's the World's Liniment

This famous reliever of rheumatic aches, soreness, stiffness, painful sprains, neuralgic pains, and most other external twinges that humanity suffers from, enjoys its great sales because it practically never fails to bring speedy, comforting relief. Always ready for use, it takes little to penetrate without rubbing and produces results. Clean, refreshing. All drug stores. 35c, 70c, \$1.40. Made in Canada.

Sloan's Liniment
Keep it handy

Flax Growing in Western Canada

Canadian Natured Seed Shipped During the War to Ireland

During the war it was demonstrated beyond a doubt that Western Canada can produce flax that will compare favorably with that produced anywhere else in the world. Large quantities of Canadian natured seed were shipped during the war to Ireland, where the resultant crops were such as to give satisfaction to the exacting flax farmers of the famous linen-exporting island. Canadian-grown fibre has been in great demand among linen and thread manufacturers in Europe and the United States, and home manufacturers are springing up in the hope of proving complimentary to the flax growing industry on Canadian farms. It is the expectation of departmental experts in Western Canada that very shortly a great portion of the grain harvest in the Prairie Provinces will be made from flax grown west of Lake Winnipeg.

If men were serpents women would all want to be professional snake charmers.

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited.

Gentlemen—Last winter I received great benefit from the use of MINARD'S LINIMENT in a severe attack of LaGrippe, and I have frequently proved it to be very effective in cases of inflammation.

Yours,
W. A. HUTCHINSON.

What Passed.

A family row was being aired in court.

"Describe what passed between you in the quarrel with your wife," said the judge.

"The plates were regular dinner size, your honor, and the teapot had a broken spout," replied the man on the stand.—London Ideas.

DURABILITY AND LONG LIFE ARE TWO OF THE GREATEST ESSENTIALS NEEDED IN HARNESS
WILSON'S HAS STOOD THE TEST OF TIME
INSTANCES KNOWN OF OVER TWENTY YEARS SERVICE
ONCE WILSON'S ALWAYS WILSON'S

M. J. WILSON & SONS
302 WELLINGTON ST. OTTAWA CANADA

"NO-KNOCKS" CARBON DESTROYER
and
GAS SAVER
UNCONDITIONALLY GUARANTEED
to
save 25 to 40% gasoline, eliminates carbon, makes every car run smoother, and give more "pep". Apply to your local dealer or direct. Agents wanted in territory or towns still open.
Made in Canada.
J. D. ADSEAD COMPANY,
711 Confederation Life, Winnipeg, Man.

Germany Holding Back

Allied Commission to Pay Visit to Hamburg and Danzig

The supreme council has decided to send a commission to Germany to take an inventory of the docks at Hamburg and Danzig. The council's action followed charges that Germany is withholding part of her assets in marine materials, demanded by the allies as reparation for the sinking of the Scafa Flow fleet. A report of a conference between German and French military leaders was read to the conference showing the Germans had not ordered sufficient transportation facilities for troop movements connected with carrying out the treaty terms for plebiscites.

The scales of a fish don't give it a weigh.

Canada's School Problem

In the course of an address recently delivered at Ottawa by Dr. J. H. Putnam, inspector of public schools, he dealt with the need of getting the right men and women as teachers in their schools. He declared that if the people of Canada desired a higher type of citizenship, they would have to have a type of teacher with the characteristics of maturity and of permanence—characteristics for which they would have to pay. The majority of people, he said, had not grasped the significance of the teacher in the elementary schools.

Wolves have a singular fear of a certain sound of music. Experimenters have shown that low minor chords on a violin cause the greatest agitation in them.

The Increased Price of Wheat

The Canadian Wheat Board has announced an increase of 50c a bushel in the price of wheat to the millers. This action has been taken because Mr. Julius Barnes, of the United States Grain Corporation has succeeded in his attempt to have removed those war-time restrictions which prevented the free entry of Canadian wheat into the United States. The farmers of Western Canada must appreciate what has been done for them by Mr. Barnes.

There was a time when there was loud discussion in Canada as to what effect free wheat between Canada and the United States would have upon the price of wheat. It was argued on the one side that the price of wheat at Minneapolis would be reduced to the Canadian level, and it was as emphatically asserted on the other side that the price of Canadian wheat would approach to the higher level usually obtaining in Minneapolis. Upon whichever side of the controversy the merits of the case lay, those who argued against free wheat won in the reciprocity decision of 1911. Many things have happened since the year 1911, so many that we are living now in a new order of things altogether. Amongst the many changes that have taken place are those affecting trade in wheat as between Canada and the United States. Both countries have removed the duty on wheat. So far as governments and parliaments are concerned, free trade in wheat between Canada and the United States is now the law. During the war, and for many months after the Armistice was signed, both countries maintained restriction which made free wheat impossible. Now, however, the United States Government has removed all those restrictions, while the Canadian authorities have not. We have now a one-sided free wheat between the two countries, and the immediate result of this is an increase to the Canadian farmer of 50c a bushel in the price of his wheat.

Have the farmers of Western Canada changed their attitude in regard to free wheat? The question sounds comical now that they have at last a concrete demonstration of the value of the American market. But the question is not as comical as it sounds, and for this reason there is not a chance in a hundred that the United States will keep its market open if Canada continues its present method of selling wheat. The farmers of the United States, especially of the spring wheat growing areas, cannot be expected to look with favor upon the free entry of Canadian wheat into their markets, any more than they will find allies in the United States in any attempt they may make to re-impose the duty or the restrictions. And in making such an attempt their spokesmen can make use of the kind of argument which has never failed to find a response in the United States.

They can argue that while Canada has removed the duty upon American wheat, it still maintains its restrictions, because American wheat and flour cannot come into Canada except through a permit or a license from the Wheat Board. Not only so, but it can be argued with perhaps still greater effect, that American millers cannot purchase Canadian wheat on commercial terms and by commercial methods; that if they attempt to purchase Canadian wheat they can deal only with a Wheat Board which has a statutory monopoly of all Canadian wheat, and that, therefore, the Canadian market is not only closed as against United States wheat and flour by its licensing system, but also that this form of protection is reinforced and strengthened by the Canadian Government method of selling.

It is impossible to show that this argument is false. This being the case, it is unthinkable that the United States will long keep her market open to Canadian wheat if Canada continues this method of selling. True enough, the United States authorities have not objected so far as the present crop year is concerned, and they have not objected for the simple reason that they have no logical foundation upon which to base such an objection so far as this year is concerned. If Canada has a Wheat Board, they have a United States Grain Corporation. If Canada has restrictions still, they had restrictions until the other day. The operations of their Grain Corporation were so limited since the beginning of the present crop year that it was no inconvenience to them to remove their restrictions against Canadian wheat in the middle of the crop year.

The operations of the Canadian Wheat Board are so complicated that it cannot be expected that they should cease their operations before the end of the present crop year. So far, therefore, as the handling of this year's crop is concerned, there is no reason why the United States should object to Canada's method of selling her wheat, but should Canada maintain her present method of selling beyond this crop year, there is not a chance in a hundred that the United States will keep her markets open free to Canadian wheat.

It would be a curious development if, while the farmers in 1911 fought and voted for free wheat, they should for 1920 adopt a method of marketing Canadian wheat which would as inevitably defeat free wheat between Canada and the United States as thoroughly as it was defeated in 1911.

The above article appeared in the Winnipeg Telegram, December 29th. Without expressing any opinion on it I think it is worthy of the most careful consideration.
JOHN E. BOTTERELL,
President Winnipeg Grain Exchange.

PROFITABLE HENS

The weather seems to have turned milder. Eggs at 70c to 75c per dozen are profitable. Make your hens lay the golden egg by feeding egg-producing food.

Ever Try Oyster Shell?

Get a 100 lb. sack ground Oyster Shell, at \$3.00 per sack and watch result.

We also have Ground Green Bone at 5 lbs. for 25c.

International Stock Food and Lice Killer

are a great help to your fowl. We carry them in stock

J. R. MILLER

Look for our
Advertisement
next week

"Yours for Service and Satisfaction"

We sell Newcastle Coal



Barbed Wire and Fence Posts

Anyone contemplating fencing will do well by seeing us before placing your order.

We carry a good assortment of Fence Posts, also Barbed Wire.

Imperial Lumber Yards, Ltd.

R. W. HAMON, manager
Chinook, Alberta



JOHN F. MILLER

ALBERTA'S
Eye Sight Specialist

Calgary, 404 Underwood
Block, will be at
Hotel in Chinook,
Saturday, Jan. 24

Remember the Little Ones in
school and the Older Ones
with the Long Eyecings at
home

—ONE DAY ONLY!

ADVERTISE!

If your competitor talks
about you put him on the pay
roll. Never mind what he
says, advertise the more

CHINOOK BREEZES

McLean—At Chinook, on Sunday, Jan. 11th, to Mr. and Mrs. Neil McLean, a daughter.

Strand—At Chinook, Sunday, Jan. 11th, to Mr. and Mrs. Strand a daughter.

Rev. G. H. Elliott took the service at Craigmoyle last Sunday. Principal Yake took the service here, in the absence of the pastor.

Mrs. England of Red Deer, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. K. Yates. Mr. England was here over Xmas.

Mr. and Mrs. Marsh, who have been visiting their daughter, Mrs. Lee, the past few months, returned to their home in Illinois, U.S., on Tuesday morning.

Posters are out announcing a "Birthday Party" at the Chinook church, under the auspices of the ladies aid. Program, spelling bee, refreshments. Admission: A cent for each year of your age. Friday evening, Jan. 23rd.

Hewitt vs. Thompson

An interesting and rather important judgment was handed down recently by Judge Mahaffey in the above action. It appears that Thompson listed his land with Hewitt, and the latter found a purchaser, and on the signing of the agreement of sale Thompson gave Hewitt a note. Subsequently, some trouble arose between Thompson and the purchaser of the property, with the result that Thompson refused to pay the note, and action was commenced.

By his pleadings the defendant set up a plea of fraud, alleging collusion between the plaintiff and the purchaser of the property.

Action was tried at Youngstown on November 7th last, and as mentioned before, judgment was given for the plaintiff, with costs.

L. E. Ormond of Chinook appeared for plaintiff M. J. Hewitt and W. C. Robinson of Youngstown for defendant R. A. Thompson.

Distribution of Seed Grain

The distribution of seed grain will be made to the farmers who lost their crop through drought last year on the following plan: The dominion department of agriculture will furnish seed to homesteaders who have not secured patent to their lands, and the provincial department to those who hold patent to land, taking in each case a lien on the land on which seed is sown.

Persons needing seed who can buy in their own locality should make arrangements to do so, and orders will be given to the persons they buy from in payment of same, but no order will be given until all necessary papers are properly completed by the agents of the department. In the municipal districts the work of distribution will be entirely in the hands of the municipal officers, and all applications or requests should be sent direct to them. The provincial department will only act in the unorganized districts. Persons farming on land purchased from the Canadian Pacific Railway Co. who do not hold patent to their land, should apply to the said Company for their seed requirements.

GOLDEN CENTER COUNCIL

The 11th meeting of council of M.D. of Golden Centre, was held on Wednesday, Jan. 7

Members all present, except Councillor Fulton

Minutes read and confirmed
Correspondence read and disposed of.

Dr. Chandler was appointed medical officer in ranges 5 and 6, Dr. Swartzlander in range 4 north to Sounding Creek, and Dr. Fazzell in range 4 south to Sounding Creek.

Poundkeepers were requested to forward books to Secretary to be audited.

Offer of W. Ross Alger Co. for influenza debentures at 95 was accepted.

Councillors Logan and Ellis were appointed delegates to convention of Alta Assn of M.D.'s

Delegates were instructed to present two resolutions—1, that voting at school elections to be changed to the ballot system; 2, that each M.D. be compelled to enforce the Noxious Weeds Act.

Quotations for gopherside and strychnine were asked for.

By-law to provide relief work was read three times and adopted.

By-law to provide for enforcement of by-laws was read three times and adopted.

By-law relating to seed grain loan was read twice.

Following booths were located and deputy officers appointed:

Ward 1 booth, Fairview school house, Jos. Mahaffey, dep. ret. off.

Ward 3 booth, n.w. 22-29-6, F. E. Greene, dep. returning officer.

Ward 5 booth, Wildflower s.b. R. O. Morrow, dep. return officer.

Relief was granted to John Forrester and R. W. Williams.

Following bills were paid:

| | |
|-----------------------------|--------|
| W. J. Jackman, memb. fee | 15.00 |
| Lond. Guarant. Co., prem. | 5.00 |
| West. Muni. News, subs. | 6.00 |
| F. O. Morrow, dest. weeds | 2.00 |
| Sawyer Massey Co., boxing | 1.25 |
| Ralph Greene, express | 40 |
| Chinook Advance, print'g. | 25.00 |
| W. W. Financial Co., bond | 12.50 |
| R. Gardiner, fee & mileage | 10.80 |
| H. G. Logan | 12.00 |
| J. E. Ellis | 7.00 |
| W. H. McIntyre | 13.60 |
| E. B. Fulton | 5.30 |
| J. R. McConnell | 5.60 |
| J. R. McConnell, road insp. | 15.50 |
| L. C. Michaels, rent | 12.00 |
| N. D. Ross, salary | 6.00 |
| Ralph Greene, salary | 100.00 |
| C. Hamilton, road work | 35 |
| Thos. Rennie, road work | 16.00 |
| Adjourned to Feb. 4 | |
| Ralph Greepe, Sec-treas. | |

Editor Chinook Advance,
Chinook, Alta.

Dear Sir,—We wish through the columns of your valuable paper to introduce Mr. D. A. Noble, of Saskatoon, Sask., who is to succeed the writer as Manager of the Chinook Branch of the Empire Lumber Co., Ltd., and we would ask for him the same consideration and patronage extended to myself during my stay here, for which I thank you.

Yours very truly,
EMPIRE LUMBER CO., LTD.
Ernest R. Dell

Mr. John Smith, son of Mr. E. P. Smith, who recently returned from the front, was a Calgary visitor this week.

Farmers, Read This

DR. EGBERT wishes to announce that he will contract, on the percentage of crop plan, with a number of responsible farmers, to supply money to break land for crop, or to buy seed and have crop put in on land already broken.

I wish to thank all my
customers for your sup-
port during past year and
wish you all a happy new
year, filled with
abundance of prosperity

R. S. Woodruff

W. W. ISBISTER

GENERAL BLACKSMITH

Culverts and Discs Sharpened.

Chinook, Alta.

Horse-shoeing and General Wood Work
Repairing.



For Choice Cuts of
FRESH BEEF,
PORK or
MUTTON
call at the

CHINOOK MEAT MARKET

See me before selling your Live
Stock

Good Prices Paid for Good Beef Cattle

Will buy Dressed Hogs any time

Highest Prices Paid for Hides and
Coyote Skins

O. HINDS, Prop'r

Farmers, Attention

It will pay anyone who considers building, to get in touch with me. I will sell the Implement Warehouse, lately used by P. R. Dobson, in Chinook, at a ridiculously low figure. The building is 30 feet by 60 feet, with a lean-to. Has \$1800.00 worth of lumber in it, and can easily be torn down. Would make excellent material for a barn. Apply
J. A. SULLY, Cereal

For Sale

A 1000 bushels of Marquis Wheat, cleaned, for Seed; also a quantity of Straw. Will trade on stock.
SIMON CROWLEY
35-29-29-5
Excel, R. 2

Sealed Bids

For hauling Six Loads of Coal from Chinook to Peyton School-house will be received until Jan. 21st, contract to be given to lowest bidder.
G. RAY ROBINSON,
Sec.-Treas.
Peyton S.D. No. 2855

The "Mums" will Dance



on Wednesday,
Jan. 21st,



in the Auditorium,
Con. School